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Ethyl 4-methyl-1,3-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylate

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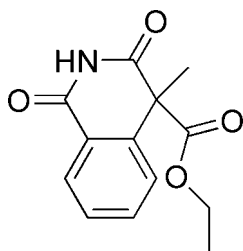
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.049; wR factor = 0.135; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_4$, the fused-ring system is nearly planar, with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.0408 Å. In the crystal, molecules are linked into centrosymmetric dimers by a pair of $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds. The ethyl group is disordered over two positions in a ratio of 0.758 (6):0.242 (6).

Related literature

For pharmaceutical usage of derivatives of isoquinoline-1,3(2*H*,4*H*)-dione, see: Lu *et al.* (2010); Tsou *et al.* (2008, 2009); Billamboz *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_4$
 $M_r = 247.24$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 6.4585$ (9) Å
 $b = 8.1999$ (7) Å
 $c = 12.5763$ (11) Å
 $\alpha = 78.876$ (7)°
 $\beta = 77.228$ (9)°

$\gamma = 72.354$ (9)°
 $V = 613.28$ (11) Å³
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.10$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
0.38 × 0.23 × 0.09 mm

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur Atlas Gemini ultra diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.963$, $T_{\max} = 0.991$
3820 measured reflections
2243 independent reflections
1659 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$
 $S = 1.06$
2243 reflections
170 parameters
5 restraints
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.18$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.86	2.05	2.903 (3)	172

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *OLEX2*.

This work was supported by a research grant from the Zhejiang Provincial Natural Science Foundation of China (grant No. Y207295). We thank Mr J. Gu for his valuable help and Mr J. Liu for his assistance in data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU5472).

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Tsou, H. R., Otteng, M., Tran, T., Floyd, M. B. Jr, Reich, M., Birnberg, G., Kutterer, K., Ayrál-Kaloustian, S., Ravi, M., Nilakantan, R., Grillo, M., McGinnis, J. P. & Rabindran, S. K. (2008). *J. Med. Chem.* **51**, 3507–3525.

supplementary materials

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Ethyl 4-methyl-1,3-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylate**Xing-Yao Li and Jin-Long Wu****Comment**

Derivatives of isoquinoline-1,3(2H,4H)-dione are important compounds in pharmaceutical chemistry and have great research values, such as inhibitors of the cyclic-dependent kinase 4 (CDK4) (Tsou *et al.*, 2008, 2009; Lu *et al.*, 2010); inhibitors of HIV-1 integrase (Billamboz *et al.*, 2011). In our research of synthesis of cyclonitrones, we have obtained the title compound as a minor product from ethyl 2-(2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)phenyl)-2-cyanopropanoate hydrolysed by hydrogen peroxide. The structure of the title compound has been characterized by spectroscopic methods and further confirmation by X-ray analysis. We report here its crystal structure. In the molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1), there is one benzene ring fused by carbonyl amide closing six-membered heterocyclic ring, the two rings are almost coplanar with only 1.02 (10)° dihedral angle. One stereogenic center but the crystallizes as a racemate as indicated by the centrosymmetric space group. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked by two N—H···O hydrogen bonds into dimers that are located on centres of inversion.

Experimental

At room temperature, to a solution of ethyl 2-(2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl) phenyl)-2-cyanopropanoate (344 mg, 1.25 mmol) in DMSO (3.0 ml) was added K₂CO₃ (89 mg, 0.64 eq), after then H₂O₂ (0.55 mL, 30%, 4 eq) was added as three portions in 2 hours. The mixture was then stirred for another 1h and quenched with brine (20 mL). The resulting mixture was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate (2 x 30 mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine (2 x 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated in vacuo, and the residue was subjected to flash chromatography (silica gel, 25% ethyl acetate in hexane) to give ethyl 2-(2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)phenyl)-3-amino-2-methyl-3-oxopropanoate (264 mg, 72%) as a colorless solid and the title compound, ethyl 4-methyl-1,3-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylate (50 mg, 16%) as colorless needles (m.p. 440-441.5 K). Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction of the title compound were grown at ambient temperature in dichloromethane.

Refinement

The H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å and included in the refinement as riding their carrier atoms with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C},\text{N})$.

Computing details

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: OLEX2 (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: OLEX2 (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009).

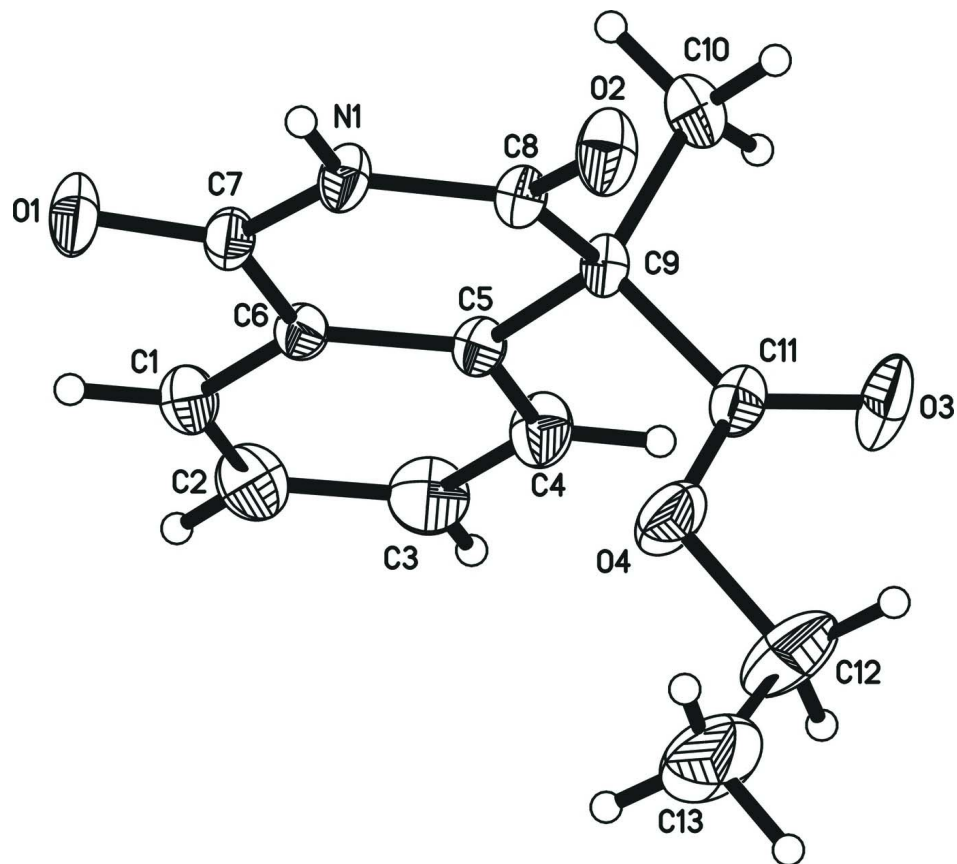
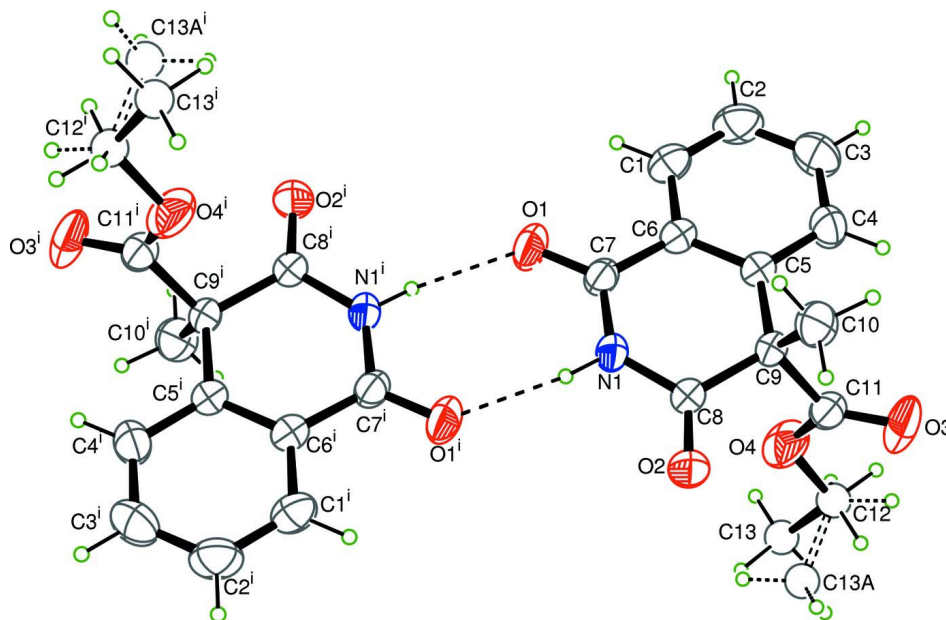


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids are drawn at 30% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

Centrosymmetric dimers of the title compound linked by two N—H···O hydrogen bonds (dotted lines). Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y, -z+1$.

Ethyl 4-methyl-1,3-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylate

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{13}NO_4$

$M_r = 247.24$

Triclinic, $P1$

Hall symbol: $-P 1$

$a = 6.4585$ (9) Å

$b = 8.1999$ (7) Å

$c = 12.5763$ (11) Å

$\alpha = 78.876$ (7)°

$\beta = 77.228$ (9)°

$\gamma = 72.354$ (9)°

$V = 613.28$ (11) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 260$

$D_x = 1.339$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1387 reflections

$\theta = 3.3$ – 29.2 °

$\mu = 0.10$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Platelet, colorless

$0.38 \times 0.23 \times 0.09$ mm

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur Atlas Gemini ultra diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 10.3592 pixels mm⁻¹

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2010)

$T_{\min} = 0.963$, $T_{\max} = 0.991$

3820 measured reflections

2243 independent reflections

1659 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.4$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 3.3$ °

$h = -7 \rightarrow 6$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -14 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$
 $S = 1.06$
 2243 reflections
 170 parameters
 5 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.061P)^2 + 0.1013P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): 8.37 (br s, 1H), 8.26 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.23-4.05 (m, 2H), 1.89 (s, 3H), 1.12 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H) ppm; ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): 171.1, 169.1, 163.6, 140.1, 134.8, 128.9, 128.6, 125.9, 123.5, 62.6, 55.0, 25.1, 13.7 ppm.

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
O1	0.2337 (3)	-0.13049 (17)	0.54786 (12)	0.0529 (4)	
O2	-0.1215 (2)	0.40108 (18)	0.63638 (13)	0.0527 (4)	
O3	0.1682 (3)	0.4585 (2)	0.83716 (14)	0.0734 (6)	
O4	-0.0080 (3)	0.2543 (2)	0.86413 (12)	0.0610 (5)	
N1	0.0689 (3)	0.13902 (19)	0.58943 (13)	0.0379 (4)	
H1	-0.0268	0.1471	0.5494	0.046*	
C1	0.5645 (4)	-0.1829 (3)	0.67306 (17)	0.0453 (5)	
H1A	0.5636	-0.2759	0.6411	0.054*	
C2	0.7280 (4)	-0.1987 (3)	0.7311 (2)	0.0559 (6)	
H2	0.8373	-0.3023	0.7390	0.067*	
C3	0.7288 (4)	-0.0596 (3)	0.7776 (2)	0.0578 (6)	
H3	0.8405	-0.0696	0.8161	0.069*	
C4	0.5663 (4)	0.0937 (3)	0.76769 (18)	0.0477 (6)	
H4	0.5684	0.1858	0.8001	0.057*	
C5	0.3988 (3)	0.1116 (2)	0.70940 (15)	0.0333 (4)	
C6	0.4003 (3)	-0.0284 (2)	0.66182 (14)	0.0333 (4)	
C7	0.2317 (3)	-0.0136 (2)	0.59585 (15)	0.0353 (5)	
C8	0.0413 (3)	0.2804 (2)	0.63970 (15)	0.0338 (4)	
C9	0.2282 (3)	0.2843 (2)	0.69348 (14)	0.0325 (4)	
C10	0.3389 (4)	0.4169 (3)	0.61867 (18)	0.0478 (5)	
H10A	0.4522	0.4298	0.6520	0.072*	
H10B	0.2307	0.5261	0.6088	0.072*	
H10C	0.4030	0.3776	0.5485	0.072*	

C11	0.1267 (3)	0.3452 (3)	0.80564 (17)	0.0420 (5)	
C12	-0.1109 (6)	0.3031 (5)	0.9735 (2)	0.0928 (10)	
H12A	0.0009	0.2758	1.0194	0.111*	0.758 (6)
H12B	-0.1798	0.4266	0.9674	0.111*	0.758 (6)
H12C	-0.0798	0.2026	1.0286	0.111*	0.242 (6)
H12D	-0.0493	0.3888	0.9884	0.111*	0.242 (6)
C13	-0.2713 (9)	0.2137 (8)	1.0226 (3)	0.1076 (18)	0.758 (6)
H13A	-0.3858	0.2455	0.9791	0.161*	0.758 (6)
H13B	-0.3334	0.2432	1.0954	0.161*	0.758 (6)
H13C	-0.2036	0.0915	1.0268	0.161*	0.758 (6)
C13A	-0.340 (2)	0.371 (2)	0.9802 (11)	0.1076 (18)	0.242 (6)
H13D	-0.3722	0.4842	0.9389	0.161*	0.242 (6)
H13E	-0.4090	0.3774	1.0558	0.161*	0.242 (6)
H13F	-0.3969	0.2969	0.9504	0.161*	0.242 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0628 (10)	0.0400 (8)	0.0648 (10)	-0.0090 (7)	-0.0201 (8)	-0.0254 (7)
O2	0.0404 (9)	0.0454 (9)	0.0740 (10)	0.0051 (7)	-0.0223 (7)	-0.0247 (8)
O3	0.0921 (14)	0.0731 (11)	0.0728 (11)	-0.0273 (10)	-0.0124 (10)	-0.0462 (10)
O4	0.0681 (11)	0.0740 (11)	0.0415 (8)	-0.0234 (9)	0.0101 (7)	-0.0258 (8)
N1	0.0375 (10)	0.0385 (9)	0.0429 (9)	-0.0059 (7)	-0.0146 (7)	-0.0159 (7)
C1	0.0484 (13)	0.0332 (11)	0.0496 (12)	-0.0030 (9)	-0.0069 (10)	-0.0094 (9)
C2	0.0492 (14)	0.0422 (12)	0.0656 (15)	0.0057 (10)	-0.0151 (11)	-0.0057 (11)
C3	0.0463 (14)	0.0610 (15)	0.0650 (15)	-0.0035 (12)	-0.0275 (11)	-0.0035 (12)
C4	0.0460 (13)	0.0464 (12)	0.0569 (13)	-0.0082 (10)	-0.0224 (10)	-0.0133 (10)
C5	0.0323 (10)	0.0331 (10)	0.0342 (10)	-0.0069 (8)	-0.0043 (8)	-0.0089 (8)
C6	0.0351 (11)	0.0307 (10)	0.0323 (10)	-0.0078 (8)	-0.0024 (8)	-0.0062 (8)
C7	0.0385 (11)	0.0320 (10)	0.0371 (10)	-0.0104 (9)	-0.0027 (8)	-0.0114 (8)
C8	0.0323 (11)	0.0333 (10)	0.0367 (10)	-0.0072 (8)	-0.0050 (8)	-0.0112 (8)
C9	0.0329 (10)	0.0293 (9)	0.0380 (10)	-0.0073 (8)	-0.0070 (8)	-0.0116 (8)
C10	0.0494 (13)	0.0361 (11)	0.0607 (13)	-0.0152 (10)	-0.0107 (10)	-0.0058 (10)
C11	0.0405 (12)	0.0409 (11)	0.0459 (12)	-0.0019 (10)	-0.0133 (9)	-0.0168 (10)
C12	0.094 (2)	0.134 (3)	0.0461 (15)	-0.029 (2)	0.0168 (14)	-0.0391 (17)
C13	0.125 (4)	0.143 (5)	0.059 (3)	-0.068 (4)	0.035 (2)	-0.030 (3)
C13A	0.125 (4)	0.143 (5)	0.059 (3)	-0.068 (4)	0.035 (2)	-0.030 (3)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C7	1.223 (2)	C6—C7	1.473 (3)
O2—C8	1.208 (2)	C8—C9	1.519 (3)
O3—C11	1.197 (2)	C9—C11	1.527 (3)
O4—C11	1.324 (3)	C9—C10	1.535 (3)
O4—C12	1.463 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9600
N1—C7	1.371 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9600
N1—C8	1.372 (2)	C10—H10C	0.9600
N1—H1	0.8600	C12—C13A	1.406 (13)
C1—C2	1.373 (3)	C12—C13	1.412 (5)

C1—C6	1.390 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C1—H1A	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.380 (3)	C12—H12C	0.9700
C2—H2	0.9300	C12—H12D	0.9700
C3—C4	1.376 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.394 (3)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C13A—H13D	0.9600
C5—C6	1.390 (2)	C13A—H13E	0.9600
C5—C9	1.517 (2)	C13A—H13F	0.9600
C11—O4—C12	115.2 (2)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C7—N1—C8	127.34 (15)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C7—N1—H1	116.3	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—N1—H1	116.3	O3—C11—O4	124.5 (2)
C2—C1—C6	120.26 (19)	O3—C11—C9	123.9 (2)
C2—C1—H1A	119.9	O4—C11—C9	111.54 (16)
C6—C1—H1A	119.9	C13A—C12—C13	54.0 (7)
C1—C2—C3	119.5 (2)	C13A—C12—O4	110.5 (6)
C1—C2—H2	120.3	C13—C12—O4	110.2 (3)
C3—C2—H2	120.3	C13A—C12—H12A	139.8
C4—C3—C2	120.8 (2)	C13—C12—H12A	109.6
C4—C3—H3	119.6	O4—C12—H12A	109.6
C2—C3—H3	119.6	C13A—C12—H12B	58.6
C3—C4—C5	120.40 (19)	C13—C12—H12B	109.6
C3—C4—H4	119.8	O4—C12—H12B	109.6
C5—C4—H4	119.8	H12A—C12—H12B	108.1
C6—C5—C4	118.45 (18)	C13A—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C5—C9	121.52 (16)	C13—C12—H12C	58.8
C4—C5—C9	119.93 (16)	O4—C12—H12C	109.5
C1—C6—C5	120.58 (18)	H12A—C12—H12C	54.2
C1—C6—C7	118.94 (17)	H12B—C12—H12C	140.7
C5—C6—C7	120.46 (16)	C13A—C12—H12D	109.5
O1—C7—N1	120.24 (17)	C13—C12—H12D	140.2
O1—C7—C6	122.58 (17)	O4—C12—H12D	109.5
N1—C7—C6	117.17 (15)	H12A—C12—H12D	56.7
O2—C8—N1	120.90 (17)	H12B—C12—H12D	54.3
O2—C8—C9	121.31 (15)	H12C—C12—H12D	108.1
N1—C8—C9	117.70 (15)	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
C5—C9—C8	114.29 (15)	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C5—C9—C11	108.88 (15)	C12—C13—H13C	109.5
C8—C9—C11	107.75 (15)	C12—C13A—H13D	109.5
C5—C9—C10	109.59 (16)	C12—C13A—H13E	109.5
C8—C9—C10	106.40 (15)	H13D—C13A—H13E	109.5
C11—C9—C10	109.85 (16)	C12—C13A—H13F	109.5
C9—C10—H10A	109.5	H13D—C13A—H13F	109.5
C9—C10—H10B	109.5	H13E—C13A—H13F	109.5
H10A—C10—H10B	109.5		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$N1-H1\cdots O1^i$	0.86	2.05	2.903 (3)	172

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y, -z+1$.